

# From bench to patients: how structural biology transforms medicine

**CRBS Bench-to-bedside workshop** – Inaugural session

Jean-François Trempe

Associate Professor Dept Pharmacology & Therapeutics McGill University

CRBS Centre Cent



# Objectives of *Bench-to-bedside* workshop series

- 1. Bring awareness of the power of structural biology to the greater biomedical community
- 2. Foster collaborations between clinicians and basic scientists

### Format:

- Research talks by 1 structural biologist and 1 clinician/biomedical scientist
- Open discussion
- Frequency: every 3-6 months?





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## Program

- 14:00 14:20 Introduction Dr Jean-François Trempe Title: *History of structural biology & biophysics and ties to medicine*
- 14:20 15:00Guest speaker, Dr Edward FonTitle: Insight into Parkin function in biology and disease or<br/>why clinicians should care about protein structure
- 15:00 15:35 Discussion 1 Topic: Bridging the gap between clinicians and basic scientists
- 15:35 15:55Discussion 2Topic: Ideas for future bench-to-bedside seminars
- 15:55 16:00 Conclusion





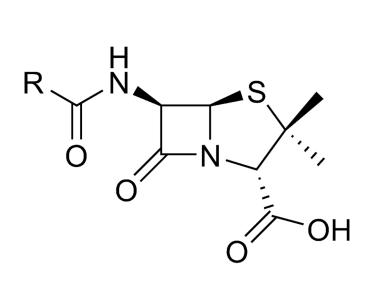


**Chair**: Jean-François Trempe, PhD Canada Research Chair in Structural Pharmacology Director, Proteomics platform of the RI-MUHC Associate Professor, Dept of Pharmacology & Therapeutics McGill University

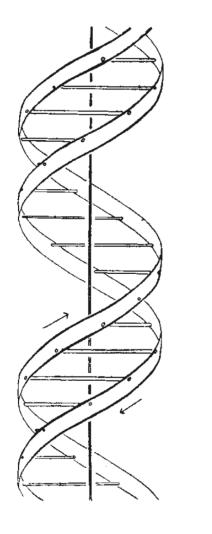


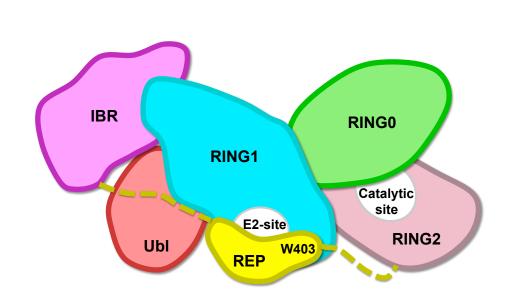
**Guest speaker**: Edward A. Fon, MD, FRCP(C) Scientific Director, Montreal Neurological Institute Director, FRQS Quebec Parkinson Network Canada Research Chair in Parkinson's Disease Professor of Neurology and Neurosurgery McGill University

# History of structural biology & biophysics and ties to medicine





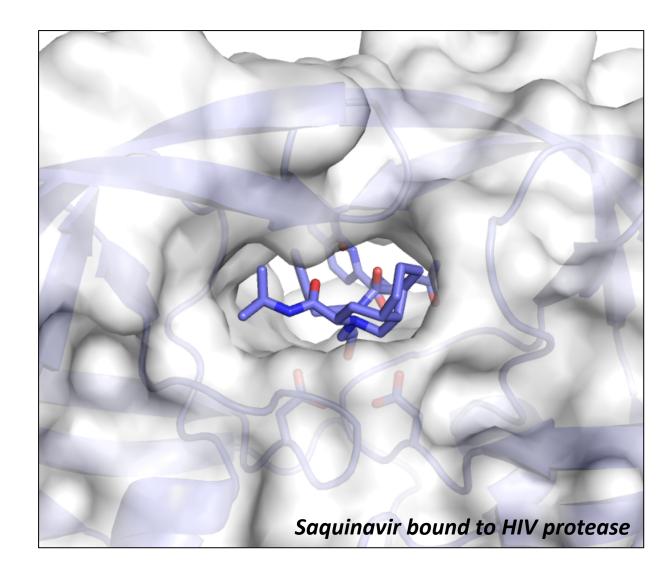






# What is structural biology and why do we care?

- A branch of biology concerned with the **molecular** structure of biological molecules.
- Structures reveal features of molecules and allow new hypotheses/concepts
- This discipline is responsible for major **conceptual advances** in biology:
  - Enzyme mechanisms
  - Receptor-ligand interactions
  - DNA replication
  - Drug action and design







# Nobel prizes in structural biology

1915	Physics	Bragg/Bragg	Analysis of structure with X-rays
1946	Chemistry	Sumner/Northrop/Stanley	Enzyme crystallization
1954	Chemistry	Pauling	Chemical bond/protein structure
1962	Chemistry	Perutz/Kendrew	Structure of globular proteins
1962	Medicine	Watson/Crick/Wilkins	Structure of nucleic acids
1964	Chemistry	Hodgkin	Structure of biochemical substances
1972	Medicine	Edelman/Porter	Structure of antibodies
1982	Chemistry	Klug	Electron microscopy of DNA:protein
1985	Chemistry	Hauptman/Karle	Direct X-ray phasing methods
1988	Chemistry	Deisenhofer/Michel/Huber	Photosynthetic reaction centre
1991	Chemistry	Ernst	NMR methods
1997	Chemistry	Walker/Boyer/Skou	ATP synthase
2002	Chemistry	Wüthrich/Fenn/Tanaka	Biological NMR and mass spectrometry
2003	Chemistry	Agre/MacKinnon	Water and ion channels
2006	Chemistry	Kornberg	Transcription machinery
2009	Chemistry	Ramakrishnan/Steitz/Yonath	Ribosome and transfer RNA
2012	Chemistry	Lefkowitz/Kobilka	G-protein coupled receptor (GPCR)
2017	Chemistry	Dubochet/Frank/Henderson	Cryo-electron microscopy



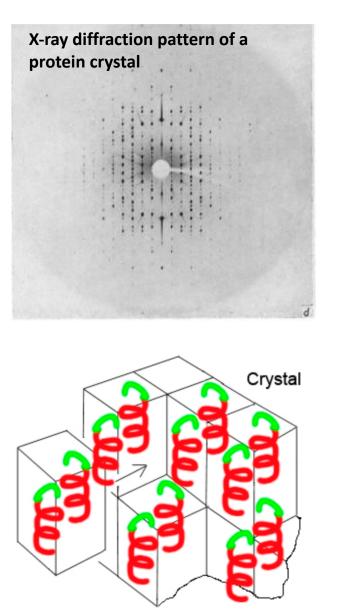


# How did it start? In the 1920-30s...

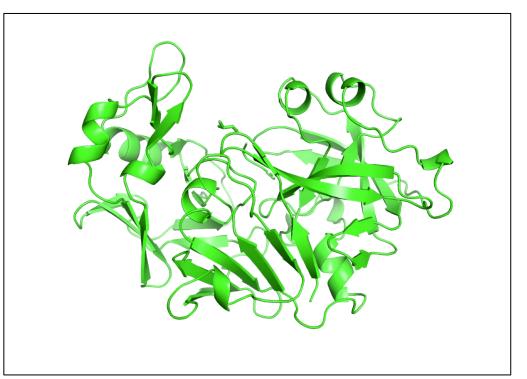
Dorothy Crowfoot Hodgkin Nobel Prize, Chemistry 1964







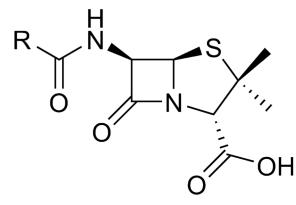
High-resolution crystal structure of pepsin bound to inhibitor (1995, PDB 1PSO)

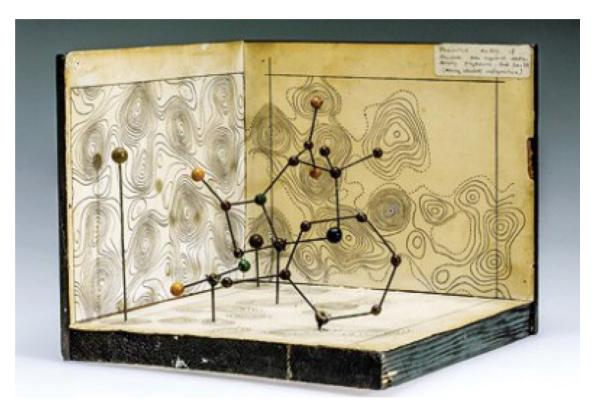




# Penicillin, the first biological X-ray structure (1945)





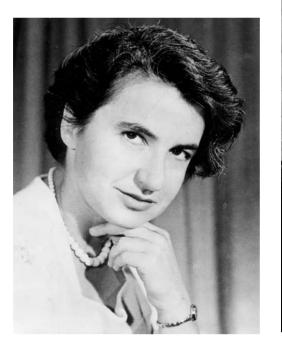


London Science Museum

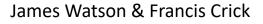


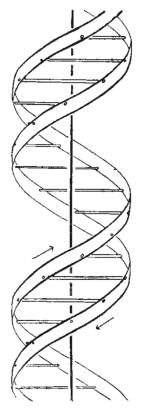


# Structure of the DNA double-helix (1953)



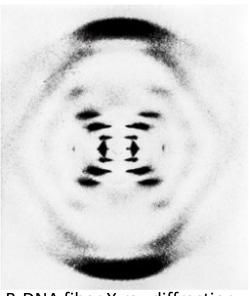
Rosalind Franklin & Maurice Wilkins





This figure is purely diagrammatic. The two ribbons symbolize the two phosphate—sugar chains, and the horizontal rods the pairs of bases holding the chains together. The vertical line marks the fibre axis

Watson & Crick (1953) *Nature*, **171**, 737-738



**B-DNA fiber X-ray diffraction** 



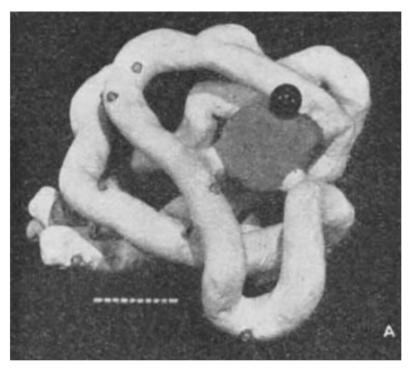
CRBS Centre de Recherche en Biologie Structurale

# Myoglobin, the first protein structure (1958)

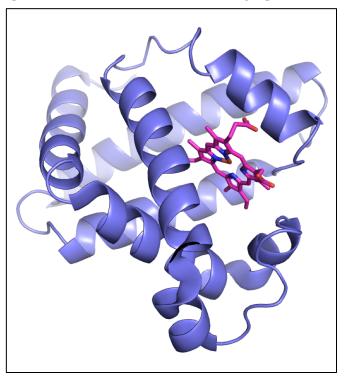


Figure 1 | Max Perutz (1914–2002) and John Kendrew (1917–1999). Photograph taken in 1962 of Max Perutz with his balsa-wood model

Kendrew J et al . (1958) *Nature*, 181, 662-666



High-resolution structure of myoglobin (1982)







# Modern structural biology

- Recombinant DNA technology Protein production
- X-ray crystallography synchrotron
- High-field NMR
- Cryo-electron microscopy
- Super-resolution microscopy
- In other words: we can now do more, with less
- 165,117 structures @ www.rcsb.org

### Canadian Light Source (synchrotron, X-rays)



Electron microscope for cryo-EM



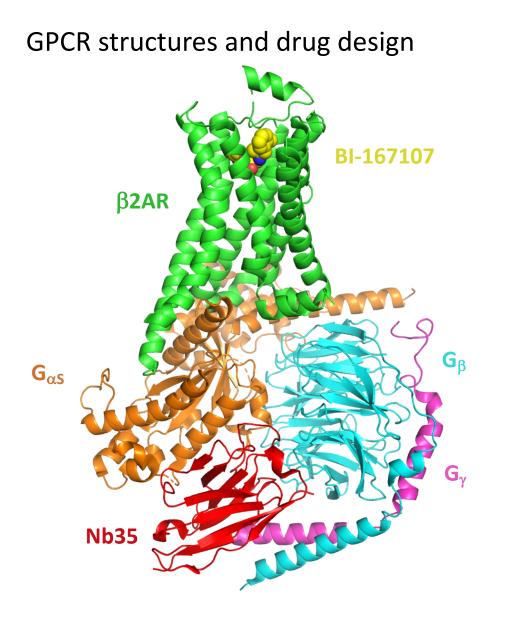
800 MHz NMR with cryoprobe



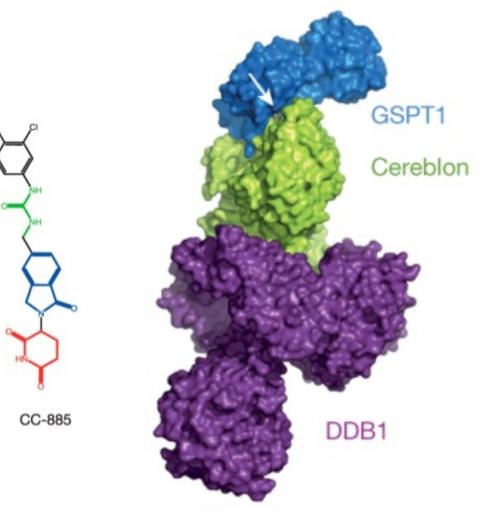




# Ties to medicine: examples



Mechanism of action of thalidomide and design of novel immunomodulatory drugs



Rasmussen et al. (2011) Nature 477:549

Matyskiela et al. Nature 535, 252-7 (2016)

# History of structural biology @ McGill

- Mirek Cygler @ BRI (now at U Saskatchewan)
  - Montreal Structural Biology Meetings (2006-2008)
- Kalle Gehring @ Biochemistry
  - FRQ-S Groupe de Recherche Axé sur la Structure des Protéines (GRASP) 2008-2018
  - Québec/Eastern Canada High Field NMR Facility (QANUC)
- Other early pioneers:
  - James Coulton @ MIMM
  - Masad Dahma @ Chemistry
  - Albert Berghuis @ Biochemistry
- Joaquin Ortega @ Anatomy & Cell Biology
  - Facility for Electron microscopy research (FEMR)
- Martin Schmeing & Alba Guarné
  - FRQ-S *Centre de Recherche en Biologie Structurale* (CRBS) since 2019

# WAGRASP

McGill

Groupe de Recherche Axé sur la Structure des Protéines





# CRBS: the premier structural biology center in Quebec

- Director: Martin Schmeing
  Assoc. director: Alba Guarné
- 38 McGill researchers using structural biology and biophysical techniques to address important biological questions
- State-of-the-art facilities for structural biology and biophysics, including the largest electron microscopy platform in Canada
- Promote scientific excellence, interdisciplinary research, and collaborative training
- ~350 graduate students in 14 departments

http://csbmcgill.ca

Research-intensive graduate programs Access at MSc and PhD levels Focused on student success



Email: csb.med@mcgill.ca



### What do we do?

Cellular and protein networks

Protein processing, transport and folding

> Protein synthesis and disease

Kalle Gehring Susanne Bechstedt Gary Brouhard Khanh Huy Bui Allen Ehrlicher Adam Hendricks Gergely Lukacs Gerhard Multhaup **Bhushan** Nagar Joaquin Ortega Jerry Pelletier Alvin Shrier Nahum Sonenberg **David Thomas** Jean-François Trempe Youla Tsantrizos Javier Vargas Jason Young

Masad Damha Karine Auclair Albert Berghuis Gonzalo Cosa Alba Guarné Armando Jardim Sabrina Leslie Nathan Luedtke Maureen McKeague Tony Mittermaier Rodrigo Reyes-Lamothe Reza Salavati Martin Schmeing Hanadi Sleiman Michael Strauss Christopher Thibodeaux Paul Wiseman **Brandon Xia** Natalie Zeytuni

Synthetic biology and bacterial infection

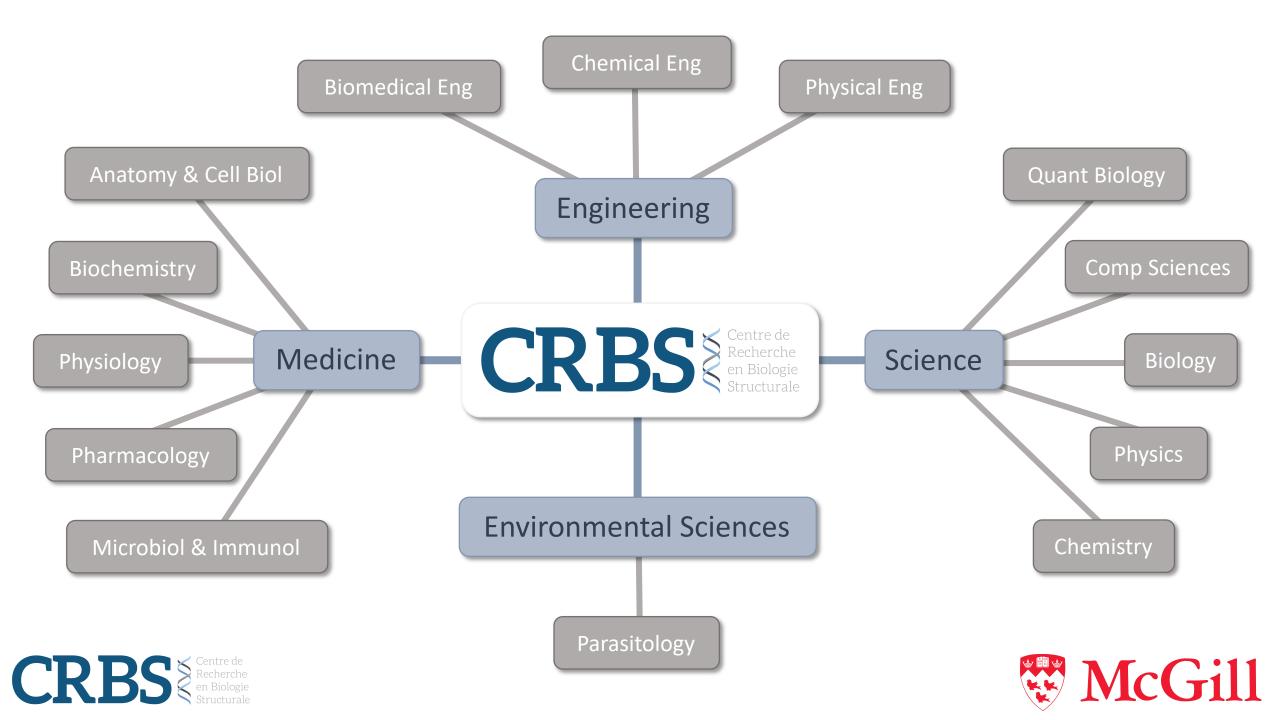
Parasite and viral infections

DNA repair, replication and DNA biomaterials



- Molecular basis of disease and treatments
- Biophysical, chemical and synthetic biology



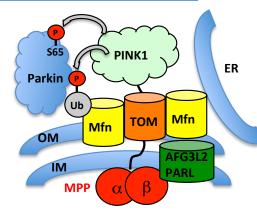


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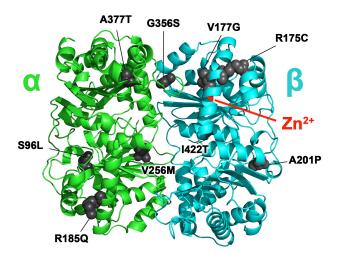
# Trempe lab: mitochondrial QC and neurodegeneration



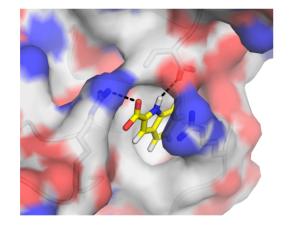
### www.trempelab.org



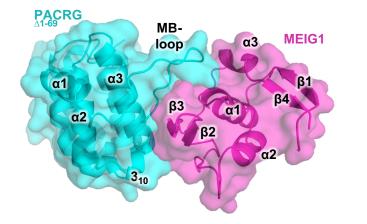
Mechanism of substrate selectivity by Parkin (Lu, Vranas, Levi)



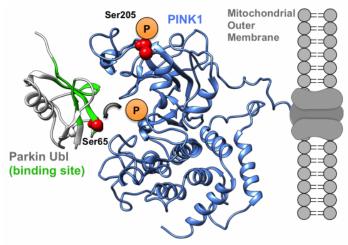
Structure and function of MPP in neurodegeneration (**Bayne, Dong**)



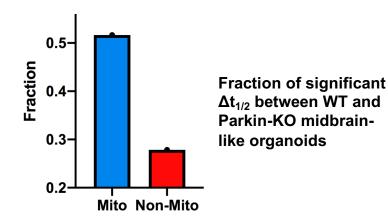
Small-molecule activators and activating mutations of Parkin (**Veyron**, **Croteau**, Yi, Eldeeb, Gehring, Sauvé, Sung)



Structure of human PACRG:MEIG1 (Khan, Pelletier, Croteau, Veyron, Bui, Black, Bechstedt, McAlear)



Structure of PINK1 and mechanism of activation (Rasool, Truong, Shomali)



Measuring mitochondrial turnover in organoids and mice (**Duchesne**, Vi-Nguyen, Pellitero, Taylor)

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## Program

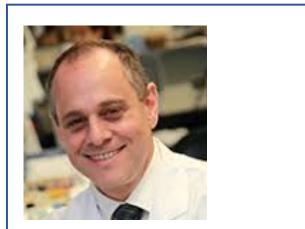
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## Discussion

To facilitate discussion, we will randomly split participants in breakout rooms:

- Introduce yourselves
- Nominate spokesperson
- Brainstorm ideas for 10 min
- Each spokesperson summarizes highlights in less than 2 min





# Discussion 1:

# Bridging the gap between clinicians and basic scientists

- Funding opportunities? joint studentship between CRBS and MI4/GCRC
- Networks and training programs? MI4, QLS, FEMR, Regenerative medicine, IPN
- At what stage should initiate a collaboration?
- How long do structural biology projects take?
- Role of basic research on proteins not linked to specific diseases?
- Contacting structural biologists:

http://csbmcgill.ca





# Discussion 2: Ideas for future bench-to-bedside seminars

- Medical genetics: the relationship between pathogenic mutations and structure
- **Drug design**: how structure can help design better small molecule drugs
- **Biologics**: the role of macromolecular structure in optimization of therapeutic antibodies.
- **Computational approaches**: In silico modeling of proteins and interactions
- Structural studies of membrane proteins
- Hydrogen-deuterium exchange mass spectrometry
- Quantitative analysis of biological processes
- Structural basis of Proteolysis targeting chimeras (PROTACs)
- By specific disease area: kinases implicated in cancer, Parkinson's, cardiomyopathies, etc.





# Upcoming CRBS events : CRBS bootcamps

### **Exploring Protein Structures and Interactions using PyMol**

Instructors: Jean-Francois Trempe and Martin Scheming Date: Tuesday, June 30, 2020 Time: 1 – 4 PM

**Probing Protein Dynamic Structure with Hydrogen-Deuterium Exchange Mass Spectrometry** Instructor: Christopher Thibodeaux Date: Tuesday, July 21, 2020 Time: 1 – 4PM

Learning to do Map Segmentations and Make Movies in Chimera and Chimera X Instructor: Joaquin Ortega Date: Tuesday, August 11, 2020 Time: 1 – 4 PM

https://forms.gle/LXenrnKbpcjyRfbM7





## Upcoming CRBS events : seminar

### SPECIAL ONLINE SEMINAR ANNOUNCEMENT

Natalie Zeytuni, PhD

Assistant Professor Department of Anatomy and Cell Biology, McGill University



Title: Unravelling the Molecular Secrets of Bacterial Secretions Systems by Hybrid Approaches Join Zoom Meeting https://mcgill.zoom.us/j/93945238785

Meeting ID: 939 4523 8785



